

Newton South High School Expectations for Literary and Persuasive Essays, 9-12

Trait		9	10	11	12	12+
Ideas/Content	Controlling idea/thesis	Essay contains clear, logical, arguable thesis		Essay has clear, logical, arguable, and insightful thesis that addresses some important ideas in the text		Essay has a clear, original, insightful thesis that connects the text with larger ideas; the thesis may be implied rather than stated explicitly
	Use of Quotations	Essay uses MLA style to cite and punctuate quotations accurately; quotations are accurately integrated into the text: they are introduced, contextualized, and explained		Quotations cited accurately and appropriately integrated into the text	Quotations cited accurately and elegantly integrated into the text of the essay	
	Quality of Evidence	Evidence is accurate, relevant, and sufficient to develop thesis		Evidence is accurate, relevant, sufficient and convincing		Evidence is accurate, relevant, and particularly convincing because it is so well chosen
	Analysis of Evidence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Essay analyzes evidence rather than summarizes plot ■ Contains some consideration of opposing views or alternate interpretations ■ Begins to analyze author's language (in literary essays) ■ Shows clear understanding of text 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Essay analyzes author's language effectively (in literary essays) ■ Contains appropriate and sufficient discussion of opposing views or alternate interpretations ■ Shows clear understanding of the text with some insight into its nuances 		Analyzes language persuasively, addresses multiple viewpoints, and shows strong insight into the text's nuances
Organization <small>(Students should master 5P essay format by end of 8th grade, and move beyond it through high school)</small>	Intro/Conclusion Org.	Intro P begins w/ a clear and relevant hook, includes relevant background info and ends with an arguable thesis		Intro P begins with a creative and apt hook, subtly incorporates relevant background information, and ends with a sophisticated, arguable thesis	Intro P draws reader in, establishes the topic, and may contain an implicit thesis or question for discussion	
	Essay Org.	Concluding P refers to but does not restate thesis and ends w/ an insightful "so what?"		Concluding P contains an element of discovery or surprise		
	Body Paragraph Org.	Multiple Ps develop the thesis in a clear, logical order. Each body P develops a different part of the overall idea rather than citing just another example of it.		Multiple Ps develop the thesis in a well-chosen order that purposefully builds an argument		
Voice	Essay consistently uses transitional phrases, clauses, and sentences to structure a coherent argument		Body paragraphs each: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Begin with a topic sentence that connects the idea of the paragraph to the thesis ■ Use evidence to develop one part of the overall thesis ■ End with a sentence that connects the idea of the paragraph to the controlling idea or thesis 		Body Ps have clear focus and logical order, but topic sentences and concluding tie-ins may be implied rather than directly stated	
Word Choice	Essay displays an appropriately formal voice, without its being distinctive		Writer sometimes makes stylistic choices to make the voice distinctive		Essay consistently displays a distinctive and engaging voice	
Sentence Structure	Regardless of the age or level of accomplishment of the writer, we expect: The level of vocabulary in the essay to be appropriate for discussing the issue or text under discussion Word choices to be precise, varied, clear, and succinct Vivid verbs and specific nouns, with minimal reliance on adjectives and adverbs					
Mechanics/Conventions <small>(Chart assumes that in subsequent year students continue to exhibit skills they learn)</small>	Avoids sentence fragments, run-ons, and comma splices		Uses occasional sentence error deliberately and effectively			
	Uses openers and closers for variety		Uses a variety of phrases and sentence types			
Punctuates phrases correctly		Punctuates clauses correctly; avoids errors in parallelism				
Consistently uses a comma with introductory dependent clauses in complex sentences		Consistently uses colons and semi-colons correctly				
Consistently uses present tense to discuss the actions and thoughts in a text, and the past tens to discuss historical events		Consistently uses present tense to discuss the actions and thoughts in a text, and the past tens to discuss historical events				
Essay uses the active voice		Uses passive voice deliberately in rare cases as a rhetorical device				
Usually avoids subject/verb and pronoun agreement errors as well as vague pronoun references		Consistently avoids subject/verb and pronoun agreement errors as well as vague pronoun references				
Usually avoids dangling modifiers		Consistently avoids dangling modifiers				

Created during Summer 2011 Writing Workshop

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